

# Record B-29 Force Blasts Japan

ARS AND STR

in the European Theater of Operations

# Small Nazi **Pocket Still Holding Out**

Last isolated units of the Wehrmacht in many corners of Europe were laying down their arms yesterday, leaving only a small force in Czecho-slovakia still outside the general capitulation.

In the Czech mountains below liberated Prague, the U.S. 3d Army was holding a fixed line while Rus-sian forces closed in on the small German pocket. Nazi efforts to surrender to the U.S. forces were reported.

The last of the holdout Nazi garrisons on the Baltic coast was accounted for, with the surrender of German pockets in the Courland area of Latvia.

### **Dunkirk Garrison Quits**

From Athens came word that the German garrisons on Crete and Milos, in the Mediterranean, had surrendered. British and Greek officers, acting on behalf of the Allies, signed the surrender terms for Crete at 2230 May 9, Reuter reported, adding that the surrender of Milos was made at midnight Tuesday to a Greek officer who had

been on the island. Dunkirk, scene of the last British resistance on the continent in 1940, was also the last Nazi pocket to raise the white flag. The garrison capitulated Wednesday, The British channel islands of

Guernsey and Jersey were taken over by a U. K. naval task force yesterday. The transfer, aboard a cruiser, was uneventful, and the House of Lords heard from a resi-(Continued on Page 8)

# Discussion **On Trieste**

Field Marshal Sir Harold Alexander, Allied commander in the Mediterranean Theater, was re-ported yesterday by a Reuter correspondent to have gone to Belgrade to discuss with Marshal Tito issues that arose with the occupation of Trieste by New Zealand and Jugoslav troops.

Both Italy and Jugoslavia have proposed claims to Trieste, which under Italian jurisdiction before the war.

A temporary settlement was be-lieved possible, on the basis that the Jugoslavs would join in the military government of Trieste and the province of Venezia Julia.

Meanwhile, in the city itself, Gen. Kveder, commander of the Slovene army which claims to have captured a part of the city, announced that Jugoslavia proposes to create an autonomous Trieste within the Jugoslav state, with a democratic government to be freely elected by the people of Trieste.

Reuter reported that British forces had accepted that British forces had accepted the sur-render, at Gorizia, of 15,000 Chetniks (troops under the com-mand of Gen. Mihailovitch), but that Mihailovitch himself was not among them.

# Mauldin Wins Pulitzer for Cartooning By ED CLARK

Daily Newspaper of U.S. Armed Forces

THE S

PARIS, May 10-Something very nice and very fair happened in the U.S. the other day. Some trustees and professors of journalism got together at Columbia University in New York and gave Bill Maul-din the Pulitzer Prize for the best newspaper cartoon of 1944.

The judges cited Mauldin's ironic "Fresh, spirited American troops flushed with victory bringing in thousands of hungry, ragged, battleweary prisoners" as an outstand-ing example of his distinguished service in interpreting the life of the soldier.

The award was very fair because Mauldin, a sergeant himself, has done more than interpret the life the soldier. Despite frequent of clashes with sensitive brass, often the butt of his cartoons, he has described from day to day the real life of the real soldier in combat. Only 24 years old now, Mauldin joined The Stars and Stripes in-November, 1943, in Naples after a couple of years in the States, North Africa, Sicily and Italy with his Oklahoma-bred 45th Inf. Div. as a member of the small staff of his division's weekly, he had not only kept it regulary supplied with car-toons and art, but had written a column which carried much of the same penetrating irony of his later cartoons

He got his start in the big time as a combined result of the support of men who liked him for his genius, his modesty and his guts. The late Ernie Pyle, who was fond of the young cartoonist, called him the best in this or any other war and helped him get his stuff syndicated at home.

Among his other early friends was Maj. (then captain) Robert Neville, editor of the Mediter-ranean editions of The Stars and Stripes, who enjoyed Mauldin and his cartoons even when he couldn't understand their intimate refer-ences to things known only to combat men, and who shielded Mauldin's fledgling days from the screams and howls of outraged brass.

Allies Gain

MELBOURNE, May 10 (AP)-

Australian forces on Tarakan, off

the north Borneo coast, today held

a coastal strip five miles long, with

a penetration of three miles inland.

pioneer troops were cutting south,

in a move to encircle enemy posi-

In the Philippines, American

troops met no opposition as they

piled ashore on Samal Island, off

Fighting raged on Mindanao, where American forces were seek-

ing to outflank Japanese units which

had virtually isolated a Yank bat-

In northern Luzon, two American

divisions were locked in a fierce

battle with the Japs at the approach

the captured port of Davao City.

tions.

talion.

to Balete Pass.

Borneo mainland.

Beyond the Pamoesian oilfields,

burg

by two tugs.

Hand Subject: Shaving To All pers 2. An Ipo 2. Violoti 3. Mmin By ordy Ori Colorb Dens Copr. 1945 by United Foot ALSACE

"By gad, sir, I TRIED!"

This is not the cartoon which won the Pulitzer Prize for Bill Mauldin. This one is not even in season. But it's typical of Mauldin's pictorial reporting of life up front.

Mauldin's reserve and modesty are shown in the very title of his cartoons, "Up Front with Mauldin." Some of his advisors thought the cartoon should be entitled "Up Front by Mauldin," but the young Oklahoman balked at the change in preposition on the grounds that he was only a time-to-time visitor, not a steady customer at the front. 45th Div.'s 180th Regt. fr Before he was well known, Maul- the letter had originated.

man mine outside the British port

of Flushing at noon today, V-E Day.

flooded. No pumps could work, and the lighting system failed, but the

ship remained afloat. The next

morning she was brought into port

The vessel's engine room rapidly

din was the butt of a letter from a fellow soldier who recommended that the cartoonist get up to that front he capitalized on. The Stars and Stripes published the letter in full, with the editor's note that Mauldin was acquainted with the front and had been wounded while with the very Company K of the 45th Div.'s 180th Regt. from which

# **400 Heavies** Hit Honshu **And Kyushu**

Man Spricht Deutsch

Alle Waffen abliefern. Ahlle Vaffen upleefern.

Deliver all arms.

GUAM, May 10—More than 400 Superforts today bombed oil targets and air bases on the Japanese mainland in the largest announced B-29 assault.

Attacks on the Inland Sea coast of Honshu struck at an area in which is concentrated much of Japwhich is concentrated much of Jap-anese heavy industry and refi-neries. At Tokuyama, the planes struck at a synthetic oil plant, while, at Otake, they bombed refi-neries, with the objective of destroying the major sources of Longely adjusted fund sumply Japan's aviation fuel supply.

Raids by other Superforts on Kyushu and Shikoku were directed at airfields from which Japanese planes have carried out attacks against American troops on Oki-nawa, nearly 350 miles to the south. British bombers, meanwhile, struck at Osima, in a raid on one of the largest known Japanese oilproducing areas.

## **U.S. Bombers Attack** Marcus, Truk, Palaus

GUAM, May 10 (AP)-U.S. Army and Navy planes today attacked three widely separated Jap island bases in the western Pacific. Marcus Island, midway between Wake Island and Iwo Jima, was struck, as were enemy air and naval bases at Truk and in the Palaus.

Truk, once held to be the Pearl Harbor of the Japanese fleet, has long since been isolated by American conquests in the Caroline group and by-passed in the island-hopping campaign west to Okinawa.

# Americans Hack Out New Okinawa Gains

OKINAWA, May 10 (AP)—Amer-ican Army and Marine forces today pushed through mud and rain against Japanese positions in southern Okinawa. They were reported to be making progress over rugged terrain, where the Japs have holed up for a death stand in tunnels and caves.

U. S. battleships and cruisers, for the fourth consecutive day, bom-barded Japanese fortifications on the island, while fleet-based aircraft bombed and strafed enemy positions in support of 10th Army troops.

# **Of French Cabinet**

A reshuffling of Gen. Charles de Gaulle's cabinet to include the newly-liberated former French Premiers Herriot, Reynaud and Blum, was considered likely yesterday in informed Paris political circles.

These sources also felt that Louis Marin, leader of Alliance Democra-tique, present Minister of State Jules Jeanneney and a Communist party leader might be included in de Gaulle's inner cabinet.

On Tarakan Escaped Death Last July By Cpl. ROLLIN C. STEINMETZ, 12th Arm'd Div. Correspondent

German Tells How Hitler

WITH THE SEVENTH ARMY, Germany-One story of the almostsuccessful assassination of Adolf Hitler-which might have ended the war almost ten months earlier-was told by Dr. Eugen Diesel as the

word-of-mouth. According cluding a couple of the same name the war news from Berlin to Hitler's headquarters.

### **Explosive** in Portfolio

This information was carried in a brief-case. There were two keys, one in Berlin Army headquarters, the other in Hitler's pocket. On (Continued on Page 2)

last shots of the war in Southern Germany were heard near his cottage in the village of Brandenof the inventor of the Diesel engine, by Dr. Diesel, Count Stauffenberg, who was later executed for his part in ExpectReshuffling Dr. Diesel, Count Stauffenberg, who the plot (many others were too, inwho had not seen their conspiratorcousin in 20 years) was the key figure. He was one of the trusted messengers who every day carried

The story came to Dr. Diesel, son American and Australian flyers pounded harbor targets on the Liberty Ship Hits Mine on V-E Day LONDON, May 8 (Delayed) (AP) -The 8,000-ton American Liberty ship Horace Binney struck a Ger1. 193

网络 化合理器 经分配 计数字段计 经济性

- An Editorial -

THE STARS AND STRIPES

Friday, May 11, 1945

How Hitler

Missed Fire

efficient high-explosive.

(Continued from Page 1)

the day of the assassination, July

20, 1944, the portfolio was loaded

not with papers but with a most

"A battery-operated contrivance

was connected so that when the

key was turned in the lock the

charge would explode," Dr. Diesel

"Ordinarily Hitler opened that attache-case in a deep, small, bomb-proof shelter. Count Stauf-

Ches is with white



# Look Again!

The men in my outfit had little interest in our bulletin board, with the result that many an important item was overlooked.

Since I started posting a new pin-up girl daily, the boys are faithfully checking the board every

-Motor Sgt. Lee D. Brock, Ord.

### Discrimination

Perusing through one of our more popular magazines, I chanced across an item which was both disheartening and demoralizing. It seems one of our Negro sol-

diers was refused admittance to a certain establishment for the purpose of getting a cup of coffee and a bite to eat.

To add insult to injury, while the American Negro soldier was there, along came a guard with four Nazi fanatic prisoners who sat down and received prompt attention and service.

Is this justice, and is this in accord with our boastful policy of equality for all regardless of race, creed or religion? Here is a case in which four men whose ambition directed them to help

Pledge at Dachau

Charred limbs and wracked frame,

Dead hand, that beckon

Through the barbed wire; Dead eye, that stare madly

Horror without a name,

Hanged man and woman,

For your starved child:

Mother that starved yourself

Passing Column

The Germans watch in solemn

You have not died in vain.

This shall not be again; .

stand in their yards

Some smile and look,

While others frown and stare.

We see the Polish, the Russian

They laugh and cheer and happily

Some totter and stand on a com-

Worked to death on a fat German's

Under the lash of a master's arm!

Some even wave,

rade's arm-

We shall keep faith!

We shall keep faith!

Out from the fire;

Maiden defiled.

silence

eye.

slaves

wave.

farm

enslave the whole world receive prompt service and attention, while an American fighting for the preservation of our cherished freedoms is spurned.

A prompt remedy to acts like is most essential, and I am these sure that many of my buddies are for it. -A white soldier, Vito Lukauskas

# Attention, Pollsters

Much has been said and written about demobilization after V-E Day. This matter remains "top secret." America has been told that the plan represents the wishes of the

American soldier, for he voiced his decision by marking a ballot. The American way of life guarantees free elections.

We desire the following informa-tion which we feel we, as Americans, are entitled to know:

1. When was this poll held? 2. Where was it held? 3. How was it held? 4. How many ballots were cast and what was the final count? 5. What cross-section of the armed forces voted in the issues?

We'd like to hear from any GI who participated in this poll. -T-4 Merton W. Baliz

Uptent

Do the people fear as we ride by?

Do they hide the virgins in the

And take the children from the

No, they don't, my good people,

Can it be these people know not

Can they know the deeds of their

Of the ravaging, murder and

Should we ravage and plunder

It is not the way of our Lord!

As our columns pass them by,

Watch the solemn child wave

And wonder at his face so grave.

-Pvt. Max R. Taylor

So we look into their eyes

But I cannot tell you why.

cellar

street?

of war?

horror?

here?

-Nemo

countrymen,



Liberated prisoners at Dachau. -163d Signal photo by Blau

the continent of Europe and on and under the waters around it have come to an end.

It is right that the peoples of the civilized world should rejoice San Francisco is a start. in this historic hour, but it is also return to their posts, their stations, their work benches, their assembly in the Pacific.

As we cheer the victory, we fering, misery and chaos which were born of this war.

it is to be a world worthwhile, only good faith, complete understanding and mutual advancement among nations. That is the program to which our leaders are pledged. That must become the program of keep faith with our dead.

which each regards the other as a 1960 or November 11, 1962.

7th Catches Nazi

SHAEF, May 10 (Reuter)-Dr.

Hans Frank, former Governor Gen-

eral of the General Government

area of Poland, has been captured

by 7th Army troops in the Berch-

Frank, governor when some of

the worst atrocities were perpe-

trated in the part of Poland not taken over by Germany or Russia

in 1939, slashed his wrists, but was

unsuccessful in killing himself. He

admitted knowledge of German atrocities, but said he opposed them. Paintings and other art

treasures from Warsaw were found

tesgaden area.

**Chief of Poland** 

Five years, eight months and brother-will not be easy to create. eight days of warfare on and over We need only cast our eyes toward San Francisco to see petty dif-ferences and sometimes wide breaches among nations.

But the important thing is that

As a baby learning to walk slips right that when the few hours out and falls and grows impatient, so for celebration have passed they too will nations just beginning to walk together travel on wobbly legs. But they must stand up and lines to bring about just as com-plete a destruction of the enemy becomes secure.

As the honest nations strive together toward a lasting peace, must remember that it imposes on they must make sure that never us a sobering obligation. We must again will the Germans be able see to if that never again will to build Wehrmachts and Luft-there be a repetition of the suf- waffes capable of dominating a continent. There must be no soft peace for Germany. When the final There must be in the world, if peace is written, the men who have died in combat and the innocent victims of Buchenwald, Moosburg and Dachau must have seats at the conference table.

It must be a peace that will permit no rebuilding of Germany's every living person, if we are to military might. It must never be a peace that will necessitate an-A world family of nations-in other Armistice Day on May 8,

rumors that Heinrich Himmler,

Nazi Gestapo chief, had arrived in

Himmler has not been heard

from since his recent conversations

A four-motored British plane

Sweden near the Norwegian

carrying twenty passengers crashed

border. First reports said that at

least four were killed. It was thought likely that the passengers

may have been members of the

Allied Control Commission missing

en route to Norway.

with Count Folke Bernadotte.

Deny Himmler

Is in Sweden

Sweden

in

fenberg and his co-conspirators knew this. They also knew that an explosion in such a confined space would kill every man there. "That day, however, Hitler decided to stay in his house aboveground. Count Stauffenberg went through the strictly prescribed precautions before being admitted to

explained.

the Fuehrer's presence: he submitted to a thorough search, left all his weapons outside, and changed clothes in a special wardrobe room provided for the purpose.

"Then he carried the locked brief-case into Hitler's room, laid it before him, and left."

### Secretary Opened Packet

Once again Hitler broke his habits. He took out the key, hesitated, then tossed it to a secretary, saying, "You may open it for me today." The man turned the key, the explosive detonated, killing the secretary instantly-and Hitler, though knocked down and injured, happened to be in the "dead space" of the explosion and escaped death.

"His hearing was damaged," Dr. Diesel said. "We know that because a distinguished Dresden ear spe-cialist was summoned to treat him.'

The concussion may conceivably have been a contributing cause to the brain hemorrhage which, according to Nazi reports if true, did eventually kill Hitler.

"Count Stauffenberg heard the crash and saw one side of the house collapse in smoke and dust. Satisfied that he had succeeded, he returned to the landing field and boarded his plane to return to Berlin and start the wheels of revolution turning," Dr. Diesel continued.

But the plot having failed, Hitler ordered the Gestapo to round up STOCKHOLM, May 10 (AP)-The all suspects and the purge of the Foreign Office today denied current revolutionists followed.



Lt. Col Harry J. Loving, Cincinnati —Karen Jane, March 25; S-Sgi. S. Groome, Baldwin, N. Y.—Richard, April 29; Sgi. Earl Turner, Pitts-field, Mass.—Richard Earl, April 39; Sgi. Clarence A. Reinsch, Geneva, Nebr.—girl, May 2; Lt. Cecil J. Nash, Columbus, Ga.—Sheryl Ann, May 7; Pfc. Kenneth A. Sipes, Haletrope, Md.—girl, April 29.

### **By Milt Caniff**

As our trucks and guns roll by. Liberty's Torch They hang from their windows and The sky was dark; the ship had sailed. And follow each truck with the We left our native land, And as we passed her in the night We see each, and strive to guess The torch burned in her hand. The feeling and thought hid there.

"Sail on, my son," she seemed to say, "Have courage where you go. The ones who'd take my torch away

Have now become your foe.'

It's been a long and weary road, But now we shall return,

And as we pass her once again Her torch is ours to burn.

-1st Sgt. Ivan Negaard in his house.

**Terry and the Pirates** 

The Stars and Stripes GERMANY EDITION

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SUCH A CRAFT WOULD BE NO FRIEND OF



USED WHEN SHE WAS A-SHE IS BEAUTIFUL AND ON HE WHIP YOU HOLD. AH - IN BUSINESS BEFORE EVEN IF SHE DOES OO IN OUR SIDE ADAINST THE JAPS THE WAR . YOU HEAR THE OH- WHAT YOU FOR KIDNAPINO PILOTS DARNDEST THING ALMOST SAID. ON THESE NIGH

Wriday, May 11, 1945

THE STARS AND STRIPES

SAND S UICTORY SUPPLEMENT

Page 3

# Allied Team Linked to **Crush Foe**

The victory of allied arms in Europe, signed with the crossing of the Rhine and sealed by the Yank-Soviet link-up on the Elbe, was delivered in the final two weeks of the war.

These were two tumultuous weeks, in which climax followed climax and events far outraced the news.

On April 25, as American and Russian forces closed the breach between the Eastern and Western fronts below Berlin, troops of three Allied armies-the 7th and 3d and the French 1st-were poised along the Danube River, northern boun-dary of the Nazis' last-ditch redoubt in Central Europe. The 7th held a swelling bridgehead over the river at Dillingen, with the French, on their right, closing on Lake Constance and the Swiss frontier. Immediately, the 3rd broke over the Danube near Ingolstadt. From north, northeast and northwest, converging arrows were pointed at Munich, leading city of southern Germany and capital of Bavaria.

Across Germany and Austria Over-running Augsburg, Patch's columns broke loose from their bridgeheads and cut through to the Austrian border at Vils. At the other end of the line, Patton crossed the frontier at Passau, while premature reports of a Ger-Munich fell to the 7th Army which raced across the Lech River

in a southeastern arc to the Isar, and pressed the Nazis into the extreme southeastern corner of Germany

On May 1, from Nazi-held Hamburg, came the announcement that Adolf Hitler was dead. Doenitz took the helm to steer Germany in the last week of its collapse. Broken in little more than two

weeks of Allied assault, the Nazis' southern armies wrote the last chapter to their Italian adventure on May 2, in unconditional surrender which not only cleared Italy but yielded the major part of Austria to the Allies.

That same day, Berlin fell to Russian armies which had encircled and stormed the capital in a ten-day campaign.

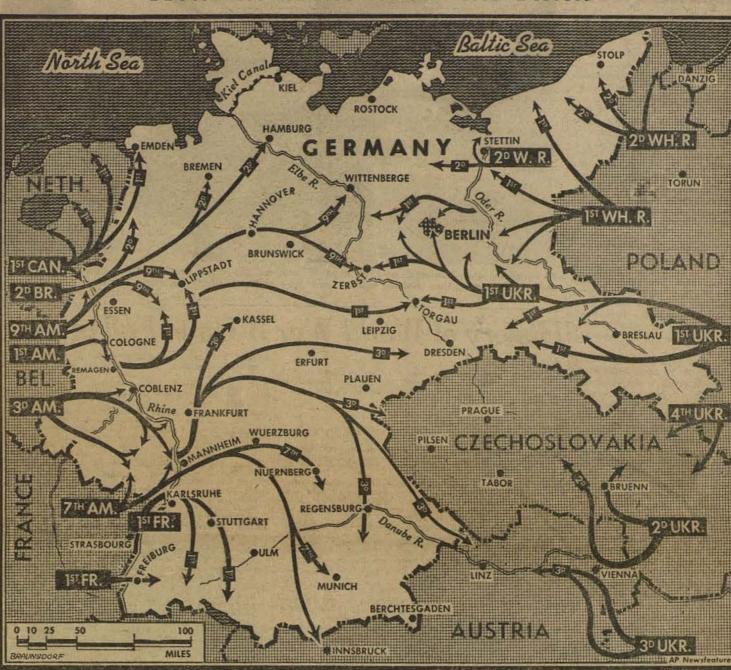
Farther north, along the German coastal plain, the British and the Russians had launched at two-way offensive that culminated with their link-up on a 70-mile stretch of the lower Elbe. Hamburg, Germany's largest seaport and second greatest city, lowered its flag to Field Marshal Montgomery on May 3. The following day, the German armies in the northwestern Reich, Holland, Denmark and the Frisian Islands, capitulated.

The northern and southern Allied fronts were joined on May 3 when 7th Army forces, cutting all the way through the Austrian pan-handle, pushed through the snowchoked Brenner Pass and met 5th Army troops across the Italian frontier.

### The Redoubt Caved In

The whole roof of the Austrian redoubt caved in. Seventh Army columns broke through to capture Innsbruck, capital of the Tyrol; Salzburg, presumed bastion of the German stronghold; and Berchtesgaden, historic retreat of the onetime Fuehrer.

The redoubt, where Nazi armies were to have fought to a final conditional surrender.



is how the Allied Armies raced across the crumbling Reich. Eisenhower's Anglo-American forces began their big drive for the Rhine February 23, and the first of these elements reached the river March 3. The Rhine was crossed by the 1st Army on March 8 and

Pres. Roosevelt Died

Month Before Victory

The death of Franklin D.

Roosevelt on April 12 was a saddening blow to Allied forces flushed with hope by

the great successes of pre-

vious weeks. The President died of a

cerebral hemorrhage at Warm

Springs. Ga., when victory in Europe was assured and when

American forces the world

over were making great strides against the foe. He

had served as the nation's Chief Executive longer than

any other man. Harry S. Truman, who suc-

ceeded him pledged a connr.

Valhalla, crumbled completely on

May 5, when German Army Group

Austria, laid down its arms to Gen.

Jacob L. Devers' 6th Army Group.

The assault had penetrated to the

center of Bohemia, and, from west

and southeast, was carried to the

outskirts of the Czech capital at

Prague, when, on May 7, Germany acknowleged final defeat in un-

last major enemy force in

foreign policies.

G.

Roosevelt's

a massed crossing was made in the north on March 24. The Russians plunged into Germany in their winter drive, which began January 12. They reached the Oder on January 23 and crossed it in force opposite Berlin on April 15.

# Nazis In East Fought On, 25 Million Lay Down Ignoring the Surrender

of the German fortress were lowered to the Western Allies. But at every point.

Even after the final bell of surfall of Dresden and the Russian

It was not until early morning, May 9, that Moscow was ready to recognize complete victory in Europe in a proclamation of Russia's V-E Day.

### **Determined** to Resist

The determination of Germany to resist Soviet occupation even while yielding to the Western powers had already been indicated in the report-probably valid-of Himmler's offer to capitulate to the U.S. and Great Britain alone.

With the reaching of the Elbe River line, the western ramparts in the midst of a new Soviet offensive in the north. Crossing the Oder near its mouth, Red Army Germany's eastern fronts were maintained until the power of Soviet offensives could break them Second Army forces raced to meet them from their Elbe bridgeheads.

Within a few days, the British render, Russians and Germans were had cut to the Baltic and, farther still slugging, toe-to-toe, in the south, had reached the Russian ring of the Bohemian redoubt. The lines along a 70-mile front. But, to the time of the German surentry into Prague came only were bucked by notable American, British and French were bucked by notable leaders had proclaimed the end of pockets and garrisons along the northern plain. Soviet and German communiques issued after V-E Day indicated that fighting still flared in areas from the Baltic to Czechoslovakia.

Berlin fell on May 2, only after two Russian armies had completed its encirclement and had hacked their way to the center of the capital.

### Nazis Barred Linkup

While Bavaria, Italy and Austria, in turn, threw in the towel to the (Continued on Page 5)

# Arms As History's Greatest War Ends

WASHINGTON, May 10 (ANS)-V-E day was the signal for 25,000,000 men, the greatest array of fighting manpower in history, to lay down their arms.

A United Press survey shows that it cost the United States about 800,000 casualties and more than 185,000,000,000 dollars to help bring victory in Europe. The full cost will not be known for a long time but it is expected to be three or four times that of World War I, both in casualties and dollars.

The Russian Army, UP said, is the largest in Europe. The second largest was Germany's. Las the Reich had about 9,000,000 men under arms, including 1,000,000 coerced non-Germans.

U.S. Forces in Europe slightly more than 4,000,000. British and Empire personnel exceeded 1,000,000, not including home armies. About 500,000 French are under arms.

The war is over for the Italians who fought both for and against Germany. Italian armed forces totalled some 1,300,000 in September, 1943, when Italy capitulated.

# How the Allies Sliced the Reich

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\$ 555

### THE STARS AND STRIPES

Friday, May 11, 1945

**AP Writer** 

**Banned** for

**News Beat** 

Stars and Stripes Paris Bureau

story at least 24 hours ahead of

official release, denied here that he had violated a confidence and

Kennedy is under suspension by

SHAEF as a war correspondent, pending official investigation as to

whether he breached security and violated a confidence kept by all other war correspondents who were

present at the surrender. SHAEF

is also investigating to find out

how Kennedy got the story to the

The bureau chief went to Rheims Sunday with a group of corres-pondents representing principally the wire services. En route by

plane, all were told in confidence

the nature of the sortie and ad-

vised they could not file their stories until the surrender was

military security.

United States.

sion.

PARIS, May 10-Edward J. Kennedy, AP bureau chief in Paris, who broke the German surrender

# Plot, Intrigue Led to Nazi Capitulation

International intrigue like the plot of a Hitchcock thriller high-lighted two months of delicate negotiations leading to the April 29 surrender of 900,000 German troops in Italy and Austria, correspon-dents at Allied Italian Head-quarters have reported.

Behind the backs of Hitler and Himmler, German military commanders contacted Allied agents in Switzerland late in February.

After secret preliminary talks, Field Marshal Sir Harold Alexander informed the Allied governments that the German's intentions apparently were genuine and that he was sending two senior staff officers to contact higher Wehrmacht authorities.

Wear Civilian Clothes

Two major generals left Allied Headquarters at Caserta March 13 for Switzerland via France. They donned civilian clothes at Lyons and motored to the Swiss border. Establishing themselves in a large Swiss city, they arranged to meet German Gen. Karl Wolff near Locarno.

After a 39-minute conference, Wolff was told to send representatives to Caserta if the Germans were ready to surrender uncon-ditionally. At this time Wolff re-vealed for the first time Kesselring's removal from the Italian to Western Front, but said he the probably could convince Kessel-ring's successor of the impossibility the German situation. of

Owing to the difficulty Wolff was having in keeping the negotia-tions secret from Hitler and Himmler, a further meeting was arranged for April 1 in the Swiss town where the Allied officers had set up. In order to avert suspicion, the negotiators tried to get back by different routes but found themselves packed together in the same railroad carriage on a mid-night train. They pretended not to recognize one another.

### Meeting Falls Through

The April 1 meeting fell through when Wolff said he would be unable to come because he had been reprimanded by Himmler for his first visit to Switzerland. The Allied officers returned to Caserta and five days later the Allied offensive in Italy was launched. Towards the end of April, word

came that Wolff was returning to Switzerland with plenipotentiary powers to act for the German command in Italy. An Allied plane brought him and his advisers to Caserta after a hazardous flight.

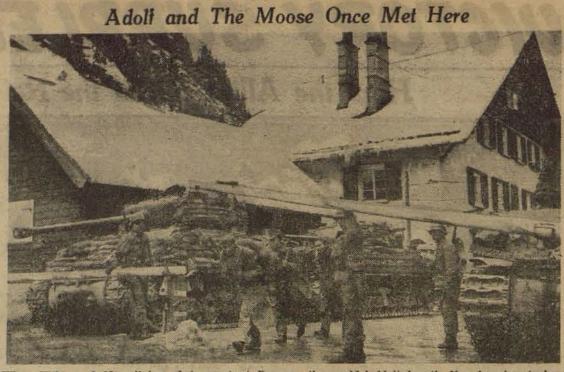
A crisis arose after three hours conferences when one of the of

betward: Singapore surrenders to Japanese after 40-day battle.
battle.
April: American fliers bomb Tokyo and other Japanese details. But the Allied generals stood firm and won their point. The surrender was signed at Castria at 1400 hours April 29 only 29 hours after the Germans had arrived.
In the report describing Wolff's negotiations, if was stated that Hitler had believed as late as April 19 that a break between the Allies and Russla would come. 'T then shall join the party which approaches me first—it makes no difference which," Hitler purportPeruary: Singapore surrenders to Japanese after 40-day battle.
Peruary: Singapore surrenders to Japanese after 40-day battle.
Peruary: Singapore surrenders to Japanese after 40-day battle.
Peruary: Singapore surrenders.
Marite. American fliers bomb Tokyo and other Japanese cities. Bataan surrenders.
Marite. Allies, Including American forces tooral toward Egypt—are stopped at El Alamein by British Eighth Army.
August: Allies, including American Rangers, suffer heavy losses in Diepper raid. Americans Rangers, suffer heavy losses in Diepper strikes through Axis line at El Alamein, beginning drive which is to hurl Axis from North Africa.
November: Americans and British land in Africa, capture Casablance and Oran, ending French resistance. British take Tobruk. Germans occupy all of France.
1943:-edly told Wolff in the course of a meeting in Berlin.

# War Costs World **Staggering Price**

Cost of the war to the world in armaments and loss of earning power, according to federal estimates, was at the rate of 250,187 dollars a minute.

U. S. expenditures were at the rate of 85,168 dollars every 60 seconds.



When Hitler and Mussolini used to meet at breaker, inc. and home. control the pass. Two Italian soldiers are here shown heading south and home. —163d Signal Photo by Leibowitz When Hitler and Mussolini used to meet at Brenner, the world held its breath. Now American tankers

# History of World War II Up to Fall of Reich

September: Hitler's army smashes into Poland, Sept. 1, using new lightning warfare. Britain and France de-clare war. Germany and Russia divide Poland. November: Russia invades Finland. 1940:-

1940:--March: Finnish war ends.
April: Germany invades Denmark, Norway. British force in Norway beaten into sea.
May: Hitler sends troops into Belgium. Holland, Luxem-bourg and drives to English Channel. King Leopold surrenders Belgian Army. Churchill becomes British Prime Minister.
June: British evacuate 400,000 men, four-fifths of their forces, from Dunkerque. Italy enters war four days before Nazis occupy Paris. Marshal Petain signs armistice giving Germany half of France. Russia occupies Bessarabia in Rumania.
July: Russia annexes Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania. Vichy France severs relations with Britain after Bri-tish attack on French warships at Oran.
August: Luftwaffe begins bombing Britain. Italians in-vade British Somaliland, push toward Egypt.
September: Japan joins Axis in ten-year pact.
October: Italy invades Greece.
1941:--

 January: Germany and Russia sign new friendship pact.
 April: Germany attacks Jugoslavia, which surrenders, and takes over Greek invasion from Italians.
 May: British driven from Greece and Germans invade Crete in first large-scale airborne action.
 June: Germany, Italy and Rumania declare war on Russia, and Finland joins in.
 July: Britian and Russia pledge joint action against Germany. 1941:---

many.
August: Roosevelt and Churchill meet on battleship to sign Atlantic Charter, guaranteeing "Four Freedoms."
British and Russians Invade Iran.
September: Following German attack on U. S. destroyer Greer. President Roosevelt orders Navy to shoot first.
October: Germans advance through Russia and state of siege is declared in Moscow.
November: Russians begin counter-offensive west of Rostov.
Detember: Japanese attack Pearl Harbor, the Philippines and Hongkong. U. S. declares war on Germany, Italy and Japan.

1942:-

January: Rommel's forces check British drive into Libya. First American troops land in Ireland. February: Singapore surrenders to Japanese after 40-day

1943:-

134.3:---January: Russians break Stalingrad siege. Roosevelt and Churchill meet at Casabianca to demand unconditional surrender of Germany.
February: British cross into Tunisia. U.S. completes Guadalcanal campaign.
May: Allies capture Tunis and Bizerta. German force gives up at Cap Bon.
July: Allies invade Sicily. Mussolini resigns.
August: Allies complete conquest of Sielly.
September: Italy surrenders. Russians capture Smolensk.
October: Italy declares war on Germany. Yanks take Naples.

November: Roosevelt, Churchill and Stalin mee Teheran. Roosevelt and Churchill meet Chiang shek at Cairo.

1944:---January: Russians pour over Polish border. Americans establish Anzlo beachhead. March: U. S. planes bomb Berlin for first time. Germans occupy Hungary and Rumania. Reds drive into Rumania.

April: Red Army captures Odessa. May: Russians capture Sebastopol. Ailles take Cassino. Greatest aerial offensive against Germany runs 29 days. June: Rome fails. Allies invade Hitler's Europe on June 6 under command of Eisenhower. Troops land on Nor-mandy coast and advance through Cherbourg Pen-insula in greatest amphibian operation in history. B-29 Superfortresses bomb steel centers on Jap Island of Kyushu. Germans unveil first secret weapon, raining robol bombs on southern England. Red Army opens summer offensive with powerful thrust toward Poland and the Baltic. summer offense and the Baltic.

July: Allies gain in Normandy, capture Leghorn, 150 miles north of Rome. U. S. troops occupy Salpan, land on Guam. Bomb plot fails to kill Hitler and he purges German army.

August: Americans burst out of Normandy Peninsula. Paris liberated as U. S. and French troops landed in southern France stream northward. Rumania declares war on Germany after Bucharest and Pioesti fall to Russians. Bulgaria surrenders unconditionally to Ailles.

Russians. Bulgaria surrenders unconditionally to Allies. September: Allies enter Beigium, Holland and Luxem-bourg. Russo-Finnish armistice signed. October: U. S. troops drive into Keich, capture Aachen. Red armies take Belgrade in Jugoslav push. Bulgaria signs armistice as British land in Greece and eater Athens. Churchill confers with Stalin at Moscow. Leyte landings open Philippine invasion. November: German V-2 rockets fall on England. Metz and Strasbourg liberated as Allies cross German border at several points. Russian troops fighting in northern Norway. December: Nazis smash back in Ardennes area, resenter

Norway. December: Nazis smash back in Ardennes area, re-enter Belgium and Luxembourg. Treaty of alliance and mutual assistance signed in Moscow by Russians and de Gaulle, Civil war rages in Athens as British seek to disarm left-wing Greek guerrilla forces. Marshal Tito, Jugoslav leader, announces Albania's liberation.

### 1945:-

January: Allied drive erases German gains in Ardennes buige. Great Russian offensive gets under way as Warsaw and Krakow are freed and Reds cross Polish border into Germany. East Prussia cut off. Hungary signs armistice with Allies. Fighting ceases in Greece. signs armistice with Allies. Fighting ceases in Greece.
Febraary: Rooseveit, Churchill and Stalin meet at Yalta, in the Crimea, to map finai plans for victory and reiterate unconditional surrender demands. Bataan fails to Yanks. Allies begin great Western Front offen-sive. Budapest fails to Red Army. Marines invade Two Jima. Turkey declares war on Reich. Manila liberated.
March: Rhine reached, Cologne taken. First Army crosses Rhine on bridge at Remagen. Tokyo set affire by 300 B-29s. Russians capture Kustrin. Iwo Jima falls. Third and Seventh Armies irap Nazis in Saar. Third takes Coblenz, Mainz, Worms, Ludwigshafen, crosses Rhine. U. S. Ninth, British Second and First Allied Airborne Armies cross north of Ruhr, Germany's main western defense line smashed, Elsenhower snys. British break through. Frankfurt falls.

Inrough. Frankfurt falls.
April: The Allied world mouns the death of President Rooseveit. His successor, Harry S. Truman, declares U.S. policies will be continued. Allied armies, sweep ing deep into Germany, capture 316,930 prisoners in the Ruhr pocket alone and linkup with Russian forces at Torgau. Other Red Army units drive into Barlin from their Oder River bridgehead. Horrors of Nazl camps are revealed when Allied West front armies liberate thousands of prisoners, deportees and slave workers. The bulk of Germany's gold reserve, estimated at Franz von Papen is the first of many Nazl and Frazelst notables captured by the Allies in the sweep across Germany. Hitler's mountain hideout wrecked by "earthquake" bombs. Allied Fifth and Eighth Armies race across the Po in Italy to split German forces. Benito Mussolini, Italy's ex-Duce, slain by partisans near Como on the Italo-Swiss border.
May: Hitler dies May 1. Karl Doenitz takes over the

partisans near Como on the Italo-Swiss border. May: Hitler dies May 1. Karl Doenitz takes over the Nazi rule. German armies, in Italy surrender un-conditionally. Eighth Army troops and Jugeslav par-tisans link-up in Italy. Nazis surrender in Denmark, Holland and Northern Germany. British troops and Red Army linkup on Baltic coast. Army Group G surrender in southern Germany. And on May 7, at 0241 hours, in Gen. Eisenhower's Rheims headquarters, Gen. Jodl signs the act of unconditional surrender. It is ratified and confirmed at Russia's Berlin headquarters May 9, with Field Marshal Keitel acting for the Germans.

announced officially, according to Brig. Gen. Frank A. Allen, chief of SHAEF, Public Relations Divi-

## Tells of Filing Story

Kennedy said he filed his story one hour after the surrender was announced by German radio. He said he had informed Lt, Col. Richard K. Merrick, SHAEF censorship chief, of his intention before doing so. He refused to disclose what means of transmission he had used.

Kennedy said no security was involved in transmitting the story as soon as the war was over.

"When I saw the surrender signed, I regarded the war as being finished," he said. "Our job is to tell the people what has happened and not the doctored 'information' coming from SHAEF, PRD."

Kennedy also said: "I am asking the abolition of SHAEF, PRD, and censorship as no longer necessary." After Kennedy broke the story, the entire news service was banned in the ETO by SHAEF. For four hours, until the ban was lifted, not a line of AP copy could be filed.

Gen. Allen said the service had been suspended until he had determined by investigation that the story had not gone through PRD channels. He said he had lifted the suspension Monday night after determining that Kennedy's story had not passed through official channels of transmission and he explained that he felt he had not the authority to suspend an entire news service.

### **Correspondents** Protest

War correspondents at the Scribe immediately complained and 54 of them signed a letter to Gen. Eisenhower protesting removal of the ban on the news service by Gen. Allen,

"It is our firm conviction that

individual.

Kennedy displayed a wire to SHAEF from Roy Howard asking removal of the ban on the press association. It was Howard who cabled the surrender story of the last war for United Press four days before it was announced officially,

Friday, May 11, 1945

### THE STARS AND STRIPES

# Berlin Is a Skeleton City Deserted by Its Citizens

## By ERNEST LEISER, Staff Correspondent

BERLIN, May 5 (Delayed)-Berlin, the capital of defeat, today is the charred, stinking, broken skeleton of a city. It is impossible to imagine what it looked like before. It is im-possible to believe that the miles of disemboweled buildings, of

crater-pocked streets, of shattered masonry once could have been the

capital of Greater Germany and the home of four million people. Only a handful of those four million still remain as the last clatter of machine-gun fire echoes through the hollow city. There are no factories left for them to work in, no shops, no theaters, no office buildings.

But the handful are busy today. They are shoveling the rubble from the streets, sweeping the dead out of the way-working while the Russian conquerors still walk the streets with straggling columns of prisoners or wander around star-ing at the shells of once-great buildings of state.

# **Russians** Everywhere

The Russians are everywhere. heir tanks rumble down the Their Charlottenburger Chaussee, which slices through the great Tier-garten Park, a pert girl MP smartly directs traffic at the west end of Unter den Linden, an infantry battalion forms up in front of the shrapnel-scarred statue of Wilhelm the Great, single armed soldiers wander in and out of cellars, cavalrymen wash their horses at the edge of the River Spree in shambles that was the city's center.

Unter den Linden, which a 1929 guide book proudly calls the "most beautiful avenue in all the city" is gray with the universal powder of death and broken as all the rest. The street is still the "gathering

place best known to foreigners. Today, except for two American soldiers and a few slave laborers from western Europe, the for-eigners are multi-uniformed, battledirty Russians, walking slowly with slung tommy guns, or pushing down the streets in convoys of U. S .- made jeeps and trucks, honking constantly. No one is buying anything from the "smart shops, catering to the most elegant tastes." The shops are closed permanently.

## Damage in Tiergarten

The trees in the Tiergarten-Berlin's once-beautiful zoological park-looked as if a hurricane had ripped through the city. Shell-shredded, half-leafless, they are as broken as the buildings. A red parachute dangled from a smashed branch. The hull of a burnt-out Panther lies beneath a fallen trunk. Twisted barrels of 88s and 75-mm antitank guns mark the remains of dug-in positions along the parkway.

Nearly intact is the great Brandenburger Tor-the Brandenburg Gate-Berlin's triumphal arch and symbol of its military glory. Its columns still stand, their bases partly blocked with debris. On top, one age-green bronze horse pulls the chariot of Victory, but the chariot is smashed and Victory is only mangled metal. One horse has fallen to the ground.

On the Wilhelmstrasse, the Reichschancellery is gutted, as are all the buildings where the Nazi great made their plans to make this street the nerve center of the world.

Thus it is with the German ca pital today, two days after its official capture by the Russians and while street fights come to an end, with the smells of sewage and death everywhere. It is one great tombstone

As you ride out of Berlin, you see a sign, white-washed into the crumbling bricks of a wall. It says, "Mit unserm Fuehrer, zum Sieg." translated that means, "With our Fuehrer, we shall be victorious."

# Air Blitz On London Dwarfed by Berlin's

The world was horrified and impressed by the Luftwaffe's blitz on London when 5,000,000 pounds of bombs were dropped on the city from Sept. 7 to Oct. 7, 1940. in raids averaging 400 planes

a day. But the pounding London took from the Luftwaffe was dwarfed by Allied air forces' attacks on Berlin.

A total of 150,492,110 pounds of bombs was dropped on the German capital from the beginning of attacks on that city through the first quarter of 1945. On the first day of the 8th AF's operation over Berlin, March 4, 1944,-a comparatively small raid in comparison to later blows-63 8th AF planes in one day dropped more than one-fifth as many bombs as the Luft-waffe dumped over London during its one-month blitz.

# Sweden Breaks With Reich

Sweden has joined the list of nized.

**Of Germany Set** Plans made at the Big Three conference at Yalta call for the United States to occupy the southern area of Germany, Britain the western and northwestern part and Russia" the eastern section.

American forces would have the area below the bend of the Rhine nations which have severed diplo-matic relations with Germany on the ground that there is no central government to be recog-nized. The arrangement was tentative, ations through Sunday.

There Were No Conditions

Surrender of German Army Group G to the Sixth Army Group, commanded by Gen. Jacob L. Devers, was a solemn occasion for the enemy. In the top photo Lt. Gen. Foertch, commander of the 1st German Army, signifies acceptance of Allied terms with Allied and German officers flanking him at the table. Formalities concluded, the German delegation leaves the Thorak estate near Wass, Germany, (lower photo). -163d Signal Photos by Musser

# Art, Literary Treasures Found in Hitler's Hideout

BERCHTESGADEN, May 10 (Reuter)-H...er's home still contains priceless treasures of art and literature looted from the nations of Europe, it was learned today. The innumerable rooms of the great underground labyrinth cut

## With Defeat In Sight, Nazis Had Word For It By the AP

inventive German The mind, which gave the world "blitzkrieg" or lightning war, was equally inventive in disguising Nazi defeats for home consumption with such terms as "fluid withdrawal," "dis-engaging maneuvers," "short-ening lines" and "strategic fighting withdrawals."

The cycle started, perhaps, in the heydey of German military might during the fall of 1942, when the Nazi High Command referred to Gen-erals Mud and Winter not the Red Army as the chief obstacles in their path to Leningrad and Stalingrad.

But even in this department the Nazis must have acknowledged defeat when the Japanese, after the first B-29 raid, proclaimed: "We should not think that we have been passively attacked, but that we have actively pulled the enemy toward us."

Allies Have 4,000,000 PWs Prisoners of war taken by Allied armies on the Western Front since D-Day, 11 months ago, total "well 4,000,000, SHAEF has disover" closed. The announcement covered oper-

like one big air raid shelter and fortress which looked as though it might have resisted for years. Priceless literary works, printed in many languages, are scattered all over the place as if the occupant had left in a hurry, while lying in dust and mud are many thousands of yards of cinema film

winto rock also contained tons of

food of all sorts and vast stocks of

the best wines of Europe. Hitler's mountain hide out, cap-

tured without a fight, is constructed

showing Hitler in conference or executions of his opponents. Hitler used to show these films in the famous view room. Honey-combed With Passages

Inside, the fortress is honeycombed with passages which lead to many rooms. The whole place is air conditioned and illuminated by electricity, and has inter-com-munication by telephone. The 3d U. S. Inf. Div. has now

handed over Berchtesgaden to the 2d French Armored Div. There are enough food, blanket, clothing and medical supplies to fill the needs of thousands of slave laborers. Above the ground, all semblance of order disappears with the ruins of the once beautiful Berghof still smoking from the last RAF attack.

# Women Did **Their Part**

WASHINGTON (UP)-In this war, 240,000 American women trained, lived and worked as members of the U.S. armed forces.

Thousands of Wacs were overseas, and many others were doing jobs at home, replacing men who were sent to the fighting fronts.

In Washington, Army and Navy offices were staffed with Wacs, Waves, Spars and women Marines. Army installations all over the country used Wacs in regular Army jobs, from cooks to mechanics. The Waves did the same work as "storekeepers" and "machinist's mates" in the Navy. In any war the armed forces

have always needed more nurses and they have joined the Army and Navy to care for their sick and wounded. In this war, more than 48,000 nurses became mem-bers of the armed forces.

# NazisFought **On In East**

### (Continued from Page 3)

western armies, fierce battles to the west of Vienna kept the Soviets from moving to meet U.S. Third Army troops in the Danube Valley. The announcement by Adm. Doenitz that Germany had capitulated finally and completely to all the Allied powers was met by the isolated Nazi army in Czechoslovakia with the statement it would continue to fight against

the Reds. On May 8, with the cease-fire order already being observed by Americans and British, an order of the day from Moscow brought news that Germans and Russians still fought in bloody arenas from the Baltic to the Danube.

And the German radio concluded its military broadcasts with si-multaneous announcements that Germany had surrendered and that German forces were still waging "the battle against Bolshevism in the last hours of the war.'



weapon in his campaign to bring the Wehrmacht to its knees was the Allied air-force, which blasted the road to victory for the armies on the ground. In the two-dimensional conflict in Europe, air and ground became inseparable, and the Supreme Commander's air and ground generals operated as a team.

# **Allied Occupation**

Page 6

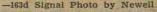
THE STARS AND STRIPES

Friday, May 11, 1945

# This Was Life and Death Under the Nazis



Landsberg was a concentration camp for Jewish prisoners. These men, though little more than bones and skin, managed to get out of their wooden huts when they were set afire, but died from the smoke and fumes. The prison guards left after the flames had started. They may be in civilian clothes now proclaim-ing that starvation and torture were solely the work of the Nazis. —163d Signal Photo by Newell

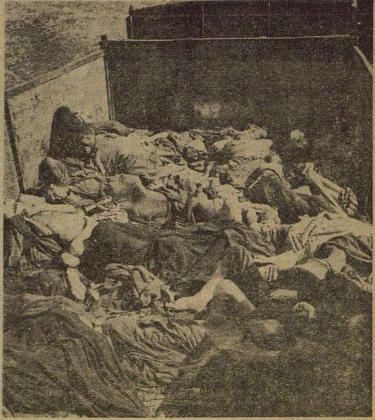




When Yank troops approached the Landsberg camp, the guards locked these prisoners in their huts and set them afire. -163d Signal Photo by Newell



Bodies were piled up awaiting cremation at Dachau. Even in the last days of the war the Germans went ahead with their methodical destruction of man. This room was used as a storage place for bodies to be cremated. -163d Signal Photo by Blau



Death-other people's death-was an inconvenience to the German transportation system, but they managed it. This railroad car was one of 20 loaded with bodies brought to Dachau from another concentration camp for disposal. Dachau had the facilities. The Germans, efficient in starving people, had everything planned for death too. -163d Signal Photo by Blau



Starved and half dead, these three prisoners bear evidence of the horrors visited upon those condemned to live-and die-at Dachau, the most notorious of the concentration camps but no less rep-resentative than the others. —163d Signal Photo by Blau -163d Signal Photo by Blau

# - Skeptics They Came, They Saw And Were Convinced

From Congress, from the desks of America's newspapers, came men and women bent on seeing for themselves and for those whom they represented if these things really were true. The reports of those who visited Dachau and Landsberg and the many other similar camps were published in America. Typical of these was the story of one editor, Joseph Pulitzer of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, who said he had gone to Europe in a skeptical frame of mind, expecting to find many of the terrible reports already relayed by war correspondents exaggerations and largely propaganda. "It is my grim duty to report," he wrote, "that the descriptions of the horrors ..... have given less than the whole truth. The fiendishness of these operations defies description."

Friday, May 11, 1945

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# War Writers Navy Will Release Win Pulitzer 1944Awards

YORK, May 10-Men of arts and letters, including The Stars and Stripes' Bill Mauldin, who have been close to combat are numerically prominent among the winners of Pulitzer Prize awards for 1944. Harold V. (Hal) Boyle, Associ-

ated Press war correspondent who told the day-by-day story of the American foot soldier in battle for Europe, won the Prize for distinguished correspondence last year. Mary Chase, housewife playwright of "Harvey," a comedy about an alcoholic and his invisible rabbit, and John Hersey, Author of "A Bell for Adamo," received the Pulitzer awards for the best play and novel.

Another 500 dollars award went to Joe Rosenthal, Associated Press photographer who made the historic picture of Marines raising the U.S. flag on Iwo Jima.

### **Detroit Free Press Cited** The Prize for the most disinterested and meritorious public service performed by an American newspaper went to The Detroit Free Press. The award announce-ment cited the Free Press investigation of legislative graft and corruption at Lansing, Mich., which resulted in numerous indictments. Other awards for distinguished reporting went to James B. Reston. the New York Times, for "a distinguished example of telegraphic reporting on national affairs;" Mark S. Watson, military correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, for "distinguished telegraphic reporting on international affairs" from Washington, London, Sicily, Italy and France; and Jack S. McDowell, of the San Francisco Call-Bulletin, for distinguished reportorial work under the pressure of edition time. George W. Potter, chief editorial writer of the Providence Journal

Bulletin received the award for editorial writing. The Prize for the most distin-guished book on American history

went to Stephen Bonsal for "Un-finished Business." George Bancroft received the award for a distin-"Brahmin Rebel." The award in poetry was given to a volume entitled "Letter and Other Poems," by Karl Shapiro.

A composition written for ballet, "Appalachian Spring," by Aaron Copland, was awarded a prize for distinguished musical composition. The awards were announced by the Columbia University Board of Trustees on the recommendations of the Advisory Board of the University's Gratuate School of Journalism.

### PROPOSES ROOSEVELT HOLIDAY

WASHINGTON, May 10 (ANS)-Legislation proposing that Jan. 30, the birthday of President Roosevelt, be made a legal holiday was introduced today by Rep. Aime J. Forand (D-R, I.)

## Li'l Abner

EM 42-Years-Old WASHINGTON, May 10 (ANS) The Navy has disclosed that certain enlisted personnel 42 and

over would be replaced by younger men to increase the fleet's "overall efficiency." It emphasized that the order, which will release some 25,000 men, is not a reduction of the Navy's size or part of a demobilization plan.

# Congress Advocating Citizenship Rights For GIs' Offspring

WASHINGTON, May 10-Legis-lation to preserve the American citizenship of children born abroad to alien wives of U.S. servicemen under 21 won unanimous House approval and was sent back to the Senate.

The measure amends a law now on the books which provides that a child born abroad under such circumstances becomes a U.S. citizen only if the citizen parent had lived in the States at least five years after his 16th birthday. Since many American soldiers now abroad are under 21 they could not have lived in the country the necessary number of years. Without the new legislation their children born abroad would not be

# Bob Hope Relents, Signs Film Contract

citizens.

HOLLYWOOD, May 10 (ANS)-Paramount Studios announced today that Bob Hope was back in the fold with a new seven-year contract that calls for more than 300,000 dollars per year.

The comedian thus ended a sixmonth disagreement with the film company. He had refused to re-port for work on a scheduled picture, saying that he wanted to devote more time to GI shows and of 368 strike-bound mines. bond drives.

# SENATE CONFIRMS HANNEGAN

WASHINGTON, May 10 (ANS)-President Harry S. Truman's no-

the Army Ground Forces.

announcement.

This seven-foot replica of the Eiffel Tower, constructed with 36,000 toothpicks in three months, won 13-year-old Peter Ohlwein a special purple ribbon award at a Rotarian-sponsored hobby show.

**Miners Win** Pay Fight WASHINGTON, May 10 (ANS)-President John L. Lewis, of the United Mine Workers, has won his long fight for legal recognition for

portal-to-portal pay. The Supreme Court ruled, 5-4, that soft coal producers are required by the Wage and Hour Law to pay miners for underground travel time. The decision is expected to

establish the same compulsion in the anthratite industry and pro-



# **Sports Program Started** Hobby Pays Off Olympics Will Wind Up All-Service Competition By GENE GRAFF, Staff Correspondent

PARIS, May 10-The most ambitious athletic program in world history—eventually embracing an all-service Olympic games—was touched off for U.S. troops in the ETO simultaneously with the V-E Day The program, which will be supervised by Lt. Col. Frank G. McCor-

# Paulino Uzcudun Kills Another False Report

MADRID, May 10-Paulino Uzcudun, the Basque wood-chopper who was a leading contender for the heavyweight boxing crown years back, told the Associated Press he never felt, "More alive in my life."

Commenting on reports he had been killed by Spanish guerrillas in France, Paulino said he hadn't been in France since 1940 when he appeared in Paris for a charity festival.

# Ten Players Named To Hall of Fame

NEW YORK, May 10 (ANS)-Ten stars who were active in the days when players wore handlebar moustaches and travelled to the ball parks in horsecars, have been elected to membership in baseball's Hall of Fame at Cooperstown, N.Y. They were chosen by a special committee which is permitted to select players who starred on major league diamonds prior to 1910.

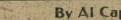
Those named were: Roger Bresnahan, Christy Mathewson's first Giants battery-mate and inventor of catchers shinguards; Dan Brou-thers, famed pre-Cobb Detroit outfielder.

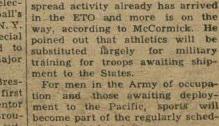
Fred Clarke, leftfielder and manager of the Pirates who beat the Tigers in the 1909 World Series; Jimmy Collins, the Red Sox third baseman rated the greatest of all hot corner guardians; Ed Delehanty, Senators and Phillies pitcher; Hughey Jennings, colorful shortstop of the Baltimore Orioles and later manager of the Tigers, who won pennants in 1907-8-9; Mike "King" Kelly, Red Sox catcher; Jimmy O'Rourke, catcher and outfielder of the Giants and Wilbert Robinson, the old Oriole receiver and later manager of the Dodgers.

# PLAN PLAYER SURVEY

RICHMOND, Va., May 10 (ANS)manpower makes play possible. A canvass of available players will be made by each team and reports will be made to league executives by July 8.

The circuit includes teams in Norfolk, Portsmouth, Richmond and Newport News, Va. and Roanoke and Charlotte, North Carolina.





uled physical training program. "Participation in the program will not affect the return of any man to the States," McCormick emphasized. "No one entitled to return will be held in the ETO because he is a member of a championship team or on tour."

will

•mick, former University of Min-nesota athletic director, has been in the formulative stage for several

months. It could not be inaugurated

sooner, however, because of Gen.

Eisenhower's ban on theater cham-

pionships while combat troops were

There will be four phases to the

GI competition. Tournaments will

be conducted at company, base sec-

tion, theater and inter-Allied levels in virtually every popular American

sport. In addition, prominent sol-

dier and civilian athletes will be

brought here from the States to

act as instructors and to present

The largest sports arenas on the

continent are being inspected by

Com Z athletic officers, and three

or four of the more suitable stadia

will be acquired. One of the most spacious, near Frankfurt, is likely

to be the scene of theater champion-

Hundreds of tons of equipment

necessary to conduct the wide-

unable to participate.

exhibitions.

ship events.

# Saltzgaver Bought For Pirates' Infield

PITTSBURGH, May 10 (ANS)-The Pirates purchased Jack Saltzgaver, veteran infielder, from Kansas City yesterday for out-fielder Bill Podgers and an undisclosed amount of cash.

Saltzgaver was utility infielder for the Yankees for years. He was Directors of the Dixie Professional Football League have voted to operate next fall if equipment and status of third baseman Bob Elliott and utility infielder Lee Handley is in doubt.

## CORNELL HAS FIGHT

NEW YORK, May 10 (ANS)--If nothing else, Ed McKeever, new Cornell football coach, will have plenty of fight on his 1945 eleven. McKeever was guest of honor at a dinner given by the local Cornell Club and revealed that his spirited squad has 23 members who have had combat service in either the Marines or Navy:

# **Fight Results**

AT NEW YORK. Tommy Marra, White Plains, N. Y., 146 1/2, knocked out Jackie Moore, Newark, 149 (I); Jay Anderson, Brooklyn, 153, knocked out Julie Gross, Brooklyn, 151 (4); Ray Pulg, Brooklyn, 133, outpointed Vinnie Melito, New York, 134 (6); Artie De-pietro, New York, 134 (6); Artie De-pietro, New York, 134 (6); Artie De-pietro, New York, 134 (6); Oral (5); Donald Mayo, Philadelphia, 127, outpointed Stanley Tischer, New York, 136 (6); Allie Stolz, Newark, 134, out-pointed Mario Colon, Puerto Rico, 132 (6).

By AI Capp AH HNOWSA HOOMIN BEAN HOOMIN BEAN HE'LL DROP DEAD BEFORE HE WAL AH GOTTA GO NOW, AH IS TH' VICTIM IN 'TH' MONSTERS REVENCE' ON TH' RADDIO, TONIGHT !! FOUR MORE O' THEM ICE H-HORSE BANANAS, LYHIPPED RADISH CREAM, PINEAPPLE, MAYONINAISE, KETCHUP AN' HOSS-RADISH ! HEAVY UN TH' HOSS-RADISH ! HEAVY UN TH' HOSS-FOUR MORE !! I KNOW NO HUMAN BEING AH IS MERELY HAVIN' A GOOD LIKE THAT AND LIVE !! I'M A DOCTOR !! HEAVY ON TH'

WASHINGTON, May 10 (AP)-The War Production Board is

The eivilian freeze went into effect in January and was to

preparing to abandon its freeze of civilian production and at the same time put into effect cutbacks in the output of material for

remain in effect for an indefinite period. The AP said it would be

lifted and that a limited amount of civilian manufacturing would

be permitted to offset reductions in AGF material. As indications of a plan to step up or resume the production of civilian merchandise, the News Service reported two developments: A bid by the Office of Civilian Requirements for 19,000 tons of steel to be used for as yet undisclosed civilian items, and the drawing up of a list of 25 "most urgently needed" civilian articlesincluding typewriters, cutlery, camera film and batteries-for special attention in the reconversion scramble.

mination of Robert E. Hannegan, national Democratic chairman, as Postmaster General has been con-firmed by the Senate. Will Unfreeze Civilian Goods

bably will speed a settlement the contract dispute which resulted in government seizure last week Failure of the miners and the operators to agree on travel pay has been the main stumbling block in the negotations. Meanwhile, 72,000 hard coal miners were idle in definace of

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# Allies Close **Borders** Of West Reich

HEADQUARTERS, GERMAN FRONTIER COMMANDS, May 10-Germany has a new West Walla chain of frontier commands organized by Allied military chiefs-to prevent the escape of war criminals and other wanted persons across the Dutch, Belgian, Luxembourgh and French frontiers.

Movement of military personnel and all civilians in or out of Ger-many is prohibited unless they have specific written authorization. Allied military personnel crossing

the western German border today must have, in addition to their personal identification, one of the four following credentials: 1. A Supreme Headquarters pass.

2. Travel orders. 3. A rest area pass.

4. Leave orders.

To cross the frontier, civilians under military control—such as USO personnel and war correspondents-must have a personal identity document and Supreme Headquarters credentials.

Civilians Need MG Pass

Civilians under indirect Allied military control—such as Belgian or Dutch laborers—must have a personal identity document and a Supreme Headquarters pass issued by military government authorities. Displaced persons can cross the fronter only in official convoys organized at displaced persons' camps and centers.

Crossings of the frontier can be made only at authorized control points. Sentries and patrols have been instructed to shoot, if necessary, anyone attempting to cross elsewhere.

To further implement control, prohibited fronfier zone has been established. It includes the area between the western frontier of Germany as it existed on Dec. 31, 1937 and a line five kilometers east.

All persons living in the zone emain there at the sufferance of remain the military government and are subject to severe punishment, including death, for any act hostile to the Allied forces, such as sheltering or aiding the flight of war criminals.

# Kaiser Outlines Plans for Mass Home Production

SAN FRANCISCO, May 10 (AP) along the Egyptian Red Sea coast -Plans to build whole communities and threatened serious crop damon a mass production basis which should absorb 20 percent of the nations' total employment, were disclosed at a press meeting here today by Henry Kaiser, miracle man of U.S. industry.

Five million dollars will start immediate construction of 10,000 housing units in the Pacific coast area, including schools, nurseries, marketing centers, recreation facilities, and medical and dental centers. The houses will sell at 4,000 to 5,000 dollars with monthly payments at a rate of less than 30 dollars.

declared, "Building can do more than the automobile for postwar dash from the northwest, economy in the country."

### CLIPPER SECURITY LIFTED

NEW YORK, May 10 (AP)—A Pan-American transatlantic Clipper carrying 39 passengers left La Guardia airfield for Lisbon yesterday-the first time such an announcement had been given, because of sec ity regulations, since December, 1941.

Captured

Field Marshal Gerd von Rundstedt, Interned in Britain, said Germany's political leaders, not her army, were to blame for German defeat.

S.F. Parley

Hits a Snag

security organization.

the Nazi surrender.

not called into session.

concile their differences.

Attacked by Locusts

other committees mot yesterday, the committee on trusteeship was

This technical group, which must eventually fashion, a trustee system, is headed by Peter Fraser, Prime Minister of New Zealand.

Before it can go to work, the major powers must make up trusteeship recommendations, and their experts are still trying to re-

Egypt Fights New War,

CAIRO, May 10 (AP)—Egypt turned

from one war to another today as swarms of locusts in great clouds

attacked from the flank and rear

# THE STARS AND STRIPES

# Reds Photograph Body Believed To Be Hitler

Russian troops have found in the ruins of Berlin the bulletbattered body of a man purported to be Adolf Hitler, an Associated Press dispatch from the British 2d Army reported yesterday. The discovery was disclosed by a Soviet general during a meeting several days ago between Field Marshal Sir Bernard L. Mont-gomery, 21st Army Group Comman-der, and Marshal Konstantin Ro-Photographs Taken kossovsky, commander of the 2d

White Russian Army. During the meeting a Soviet war correspondent attached to the British 2d Army was asked whether the British believed Hitler to be dead or alive. The correspondent, a Col. Pflugin, replied they were of mixed opinion on the matter. Then a Russian general, whose identity Pilugin did not disclose, stated

Russian photographers took pictures of the body from all angles for study in Moscow. All of Hitler's domestic servants who had fallen into Russian hands viewed the body and all but one identified the dead man as the erstwhile paperhanger. The one exception declared emphatically the body was not that of Hitler but of one of his cooks.

During the search for Hitler's body, Russian investigators were reported to have discovered the vast underground headquarters of the Fuehrer. A narrow door in a concrete tower in the courtyard of the German Chancellory took them into Hitler's den, far below the Wilhelmstrasse.

It consisted of several floors, with electrically-heated and indirectly-lighted rooms, equipped with all manner of electrical conveniences. A luxurious kitchen was stocked with a huge supply of food and a closet of Bavarian beer.

The establishment included ga-rages, with entrances to long tunnels leading to streets many miles from the Chancellory.

# Pierre Laval, who was premier

of Vichy France, is held in Spain. France is seeking his return for trial on charges of treason.

NORWAY COMMISSAR A SUICIDE OSLO, May 10 (PA)-Josef Terboven, Reich Commissar for Norway, committed suicide by shooting himself, sources formerly close to German headquarters said.

Quisling Is Annoyed

By 'Ordinary' Cell

After Lavish Home

STOCKHOLM, May 10 (AP)-

Vidkun Quisling, ruler of puppet Norway since 1940, was transferred yesterday from his estate in sub-

urban Oslo to a jail in the ca-

Broken by the swift events which

had toppled his five years' grip on

the country, the man whose name

became synonymous with traitor

in his lavish home since early

Quisling arrived at, the jail into

which he had thrown many a po-

litical prisoner protesting, "A states-

man like me should not have an ordinary cell," and harping on

'all the good things I did for Nor-

way." He was told that all pris-

from him by police. In it were

oners were treated alike.

found chocolate and cognac,

pital to await arraignment.

Tuesday.

# 1,000 Soviet **Guns Salute** End of War

MOSCOW, May 10-Thirty artillery salvoes from 1,000 Russian guns saluted the end of the European war, as Marshal Josef Stalin, in a personal broadcast over the Moscow radio, told the Soviet people last night that Germany had accepted unconditional surrender. He announced that the final act of capitulation had been signed in Berlin on the night of May 8 (after midnight, May 9, ETO time.)

"The great day of victory," Stalin said, "has arrived. Fascist Germany has been brought down to her knees by the Red Army and

the troops of our allies." He noted that "one group of German troops in the area of Czechoslovakia still avoids capitulation, but I hope the Red Army will proceed to bring it to its senses.

### **Cheers** for Americans

All during the afternoon, thousands of Muscovites had gathered before the United States embassy, shouting "Long live Truman! Long live the memory of Roosevelt! Long live the great American people!"

The demonstration .later broke out afresh, when U. S. Minister George Kennan hung out a Soviet flag beside the American flag, flying at half-staff for the late President.

Stalin's speech, which lasted five and one-half minutes, made no reference to Germany's only remaining Axis ally—Japan—or to the Far Eastern war.

He recalled Hitler's boast of three years ago that he would destroy Russia. "Now," Stalin destroy Russia. "Now," Stalin said, "three years later, Germany has been completely smashed." But, he stated, with victory won, the Soviet Union does not intend "either to exterminate or destroy "either to exterminate or dectroy Germany.'

# Nazi Pocket **Holding Out**

(Continued from Page 1)

dent that during the five years of German occupation, "by German standards, the garrison troops be-haved extremely well."

The first U-Boat to surrender since the armistice surfaced in British waters at Weymouth Bay in the misty cold of yesterday morning. Entry of two British cruisers and four destroyers into Copenhagen harbor led to seizure of the German cruiser Prince Eugen and three destroyers plus torpedo boats, minesweepers, trawlers, and men-chant ships. The seizure was witnessed by thousands of cheering Dangs. Allied Troops in Stockholm

Allied troops meanwhile arrived in Stockholm yesterday by air on a mission which was not explained. The contingent included some Norwegians trained in Scotland.

The first British troops arrived by air at Oslo, amidst an outburst of celebration in the liberated Norwegian capital.

The Canadian Army in Holland was disarming Germans in som newly liberated portions of the country. Extra food was dropped from planes to Amsterdam and brought by sea and truck into Rotterdam. Shops in both cities were reported absolutely bare, and many people have been existing "for a long time" on two potatoes a week, supplemented by sugar beets, the Associated Press said. Emergency The former puppet ruler was chocolate rations plus butter, bacon, annoyed when a grip was taken cheese, and powdered eggs were among the items rushed to the populace.

age. The premier was personally directing a counter-attack.

the American lines.

The last European capital to be the city after a 35-mile overnight

Czech patriots said the battle against the German garrison, which had persisted even after the surrender of Germany, had cost the lives of at least 5,000 of their countrymen.

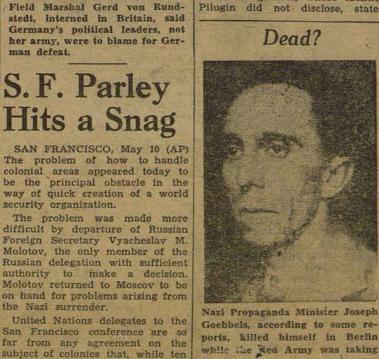
German troops, filing westward in long columns toward American outposts near Pilsen, held onto their arms until reaching 3d Army ter-ritory. There under American tion of the country.

In Prague, Czech men, women and children worked under a hot sun to remove the street barriers which had been erected of paving stones,

Fur-capped Russians on motorcycles were mobbed by exultant throngs and nearly every Soviet vehicle was overflowing with Czech girls-whom American troops voted the prettiest in Europe.

Prague radio, meanwhile, announced that Dr. Edward Benes, president of the Czech government, had arrived in the capital from Kosice, where the administration had been functioning pending the final libera-

Worried.



Goebbels, according to some reports, killed himself in Berlin while the Red Army was taking the city.

# **Millions Homeless On Allied Hands**

THIRD ARMY HQ., May 10 (AP) -Repatriation of 10,000,000 European civilians to homes where they are needed to produce food for next winter today loomed as the most urgent problem facing Allied military authorities.

Thousands of displaced men and women are leading vagabond lives, trudging in groups along central European roads. Many instances of violence have been noted among those with long grievances. The 12th Army Group's displaced persons section already has 250 camps from which wanderers are dispatched to their homes.

# Nazis Flee From Prague **Toward American Lines**

PRAGUE, May 10 (AP)-Russian | orders, they began throwing away troops paraded today through the streets of liberated Prague, while German soldiers fled west toward

Kaiser intends to use his own and other manufacturers' materials and to employ local builders. He declared "Building can do ware the last European capital to be freed of Nazi occupation erupted in celebration when the first Soviet reconnaissance elements raced into