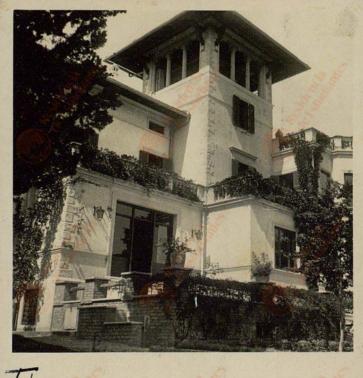


† 9 Luglio XVI
Nel cielo di Roma

20th July they beartfelt thanks to you both for your brind septettions of tympather— Sincereleptible Colorna





The same sunry souvering will unite us when rue nead again! ROME. 20/6/38 Illa de Heurs to. Terrace where me dived

38780 IRARAY



Hopsing to tee gon.
back bere toom!
Idelina Coloma
Villa Coloma - Rome 20/5/38

VASARI 09736

Tenace where we dund

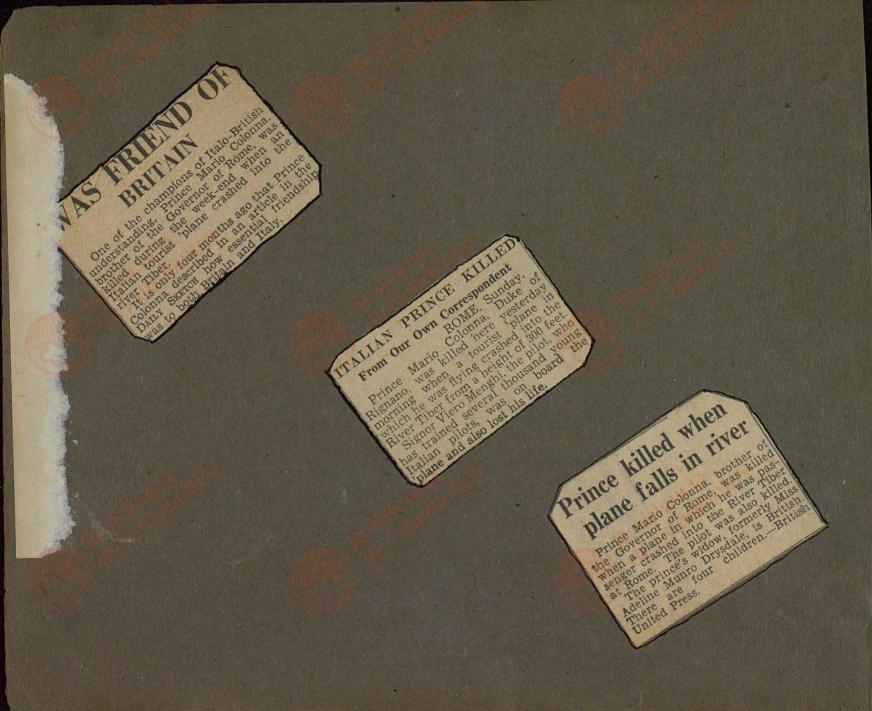


. Here with a little Bread beneath the Bongli. a Flank of Wine ho heels! Say when! there's how! "
. To turn sweet dames and you and me & vow.
. a Roman Summer Solothic made it's how!"

With approprian to Great Khayyam and Carif your forged Rome June 20m 1938

Main Truma

Terrace where eve divied 08860 MASAY





Evening Standard

Te Dily () and

PRINCE MARIO COLONNA

Prince Mario Colonna, Duke of Rignano, whose death at the age of 52 has occurred at Rome in a flying accident, was a member of one of the most illustrious families of the ancient Roman

nobility.

Their origin dates back to the time of the Roman Emperors. In the Middle Ages they supported the Ghibellines, and their opponents, another princely family, the Orsinis, supported the Guelphs in the wars which took place during those years. They fought for centuries, and were only united by matrimony a few years ago.

Prince Mario was a brevetted air pilot and an officer in the Italian cavalry. He leaves a widow, the former Miss Adeline Drysdale, of Buenos Aires, two sons and

one daughter.

His father, Don Prospero Colonna, was at one time Mayor of Rome, and his brother, Prince Piero Colonna, is the Governor of Rome.

Won Three "V.C.s"

THERE is a certain tragic irony in the death of Don Mario Colonna, as a mere passenger in an airplane which crashed into the Tiber.

Handsome and broad-shouldered, with iron-grey hair and a fine Roman nose, Don Mario was the embodiment of the old Roman legionary.

His courage won him the Italian equivalent of three Victoria Crosses on the Piave front during the war. He was in fact, so reckless that the Government, for fear of losing so valued a patriot, removed him from the war zone and sent him to the Embassy in London.

Don Mario was the centre of a dramatic encounter during Mussolini's March on Rome. It was he, with a detachment of the Royal Bodyguard, who met Mussolini and his followers at the top of the Corso Umberto.

Made History

He had to decide whether to stop the march, which would inevitably have meant bloodshed, or to let it go on to the Quirinal. He let it proceed, and so made history.

Later he became a staunch supporter of

He was in London a few months ago, on an unofficial visit of "good will."

Don Mario's widow, a Scotswoman by, birth, is a Lady-in-Waiting to the Queen of Italy. All his children inherit his enthusiasm for aviation, and his daughten is the youngest airwoman in Italy.

The Times

DON MARIO COLONNA

Our Correspondent in Rome reports the death on Saturday of Don Mario Colonna, Duke of Rignano, who was a passenger in an aeroplane which crashed into the Tiber outside Rome.

Don Mario, who inherited the Papal dukedom of Rignano, created in 1828, from his mother, who was the daughter of Don Emilio Massimo, third Duke of Rignano, and Donna Teresa Doria-Pamphili-Landi, was son of Don Prospero Colonna, Prince of Sonnino, at one time Syndic of Rome, who died last year, brother of Don Piero Colonna, the Governor of Rome, and first cousin of Prince Colonna,

the present head of the family.

Don Mario had many British friends, for he had received part of his education at Magdalene College, Cambridge, and in 1917 had married a Scottish lady, Miss Adelina

had married a Scottish lady, Miss Adelina Drysdale, of Buenos Aires, Argentina, by whom he had three sons and two daughters. His expansive and enthusiastic nature made him passionately interested in a number of things, of which aviation was one. He was a daring and skilful pilot and an officer in the Reserve of the Italian Air Force. He had likewise been a keen soldier and served through the Libyan campaign and the Great War with a fine record. He threw himself ardently into the Fascist cause from the first and did much propaganda for it abroad. His responsibilities as a great landowner led him into the eager pursuit of scientific farming and his study of Italy's economic problems had led him to devote both time and money to testing the practical application of certain theories.

GRana Felin quas chorum principulmen en consecute anguine. . . Rome July 1938.

















The Terroce of the Villa Colonna

The Villa Colonna

COLONNA, a noble Roman family, second only to the Gaetani di Sennoneta in antiquity and first of all the Roman houses in importance. The popes Marcellinus, Sixtus 111 and Adrian 111 are said to have been members of it but the authentic pedigree of the family begins with Pietro, Lord of Columna, Palestrina and Paliano (about 1100) probably a brother of Pope Benedict IX. His great grandson Giovanni had two sons, respectively the founders of the Colonna-The third or Colonna Romano line is descended Romano line. from Federigi Colonna (1223). In the 12th Century we find the Colonna as Counts of Tusculum and the family was then famous as one of the most powerful and turbulent of the great Roman Clans. Its feuds with the Orsini and Gaetani are a characteristis feature of mediaeval Rome and the Campagna; like the other great nobles of the Campagna the Colonna plundered travellers and cities and did not even spare the pope himself if they felt themselves injured by him. Boniface VIII confiscated their estates. He proclaimed a crusade against them and captured Palestrina but they afterwards revenged themselves by beseiging him at Anagri and Sciarra. Colonna laidviolent hands on His Holiness, being with difficulty restrained from actually murdering him (1303). In 1347 the Colonna, at that time almost an independent power, were defeated by Cola di Rienzi but soon revovered. Pope Martin V (1417-31) was a Colonna and conferred on his family immense estates including Marino, Frascati, Rocca di Papa and other fiefs in Romagna and Umbria. Their goods were frequently confiscated and frequently given back and the house was subject to many changes of fortune: during the reign of Alexander VI. they were again humbled; but they always remained powerful and important and members of the family rose to eminence as generals, prelates, and statesmen in the service of the Church or other powers. In the war of 1522 between France and Spain there were Colonna on both sides and at the battle of Lepanto 1571 Marc Antonio Colonna, who commanded the papal contingent greatly distinguished himself. A detailed record of the Colonna family would be a history of Rome. Today there are three lines of Colonna: (1) Colonna di Paliano with two branches, the Princes and Dukes of Paliano and the Princes of Stigliano (2) Colonna do Sciara with two branches. Colonna di Sciarra, Princes of Carlagnano and Barberini -Colonna Princes of Palestrina and (3) Colonna- Romano. Colonna palace. one of the finest in Rome was begun by Martin V and contains a valuable gallery.





St. Peters

St. Peters





The Palazzo Venezia.

The Balcomy from which

the Duce speaks between

Hie Pasces





Parade in the
Praya Venezra
in honour
of the
Praye.



of the Care Umberla.

The barmers going up to the tomb of the Unknown Warrior in the Vittoric Emmanuele.

Monument.





Parade in the
Praga Venetra

in honour

of the
Prave.

The harmers going up to the tamb of the Unknown Warrior in the Vittorio Emmanuele.

Manument.





Troops hassing the top of the Cars Umberta.







The Baroness de Heamstre and I — after lench of horigis



Pere Louis and I





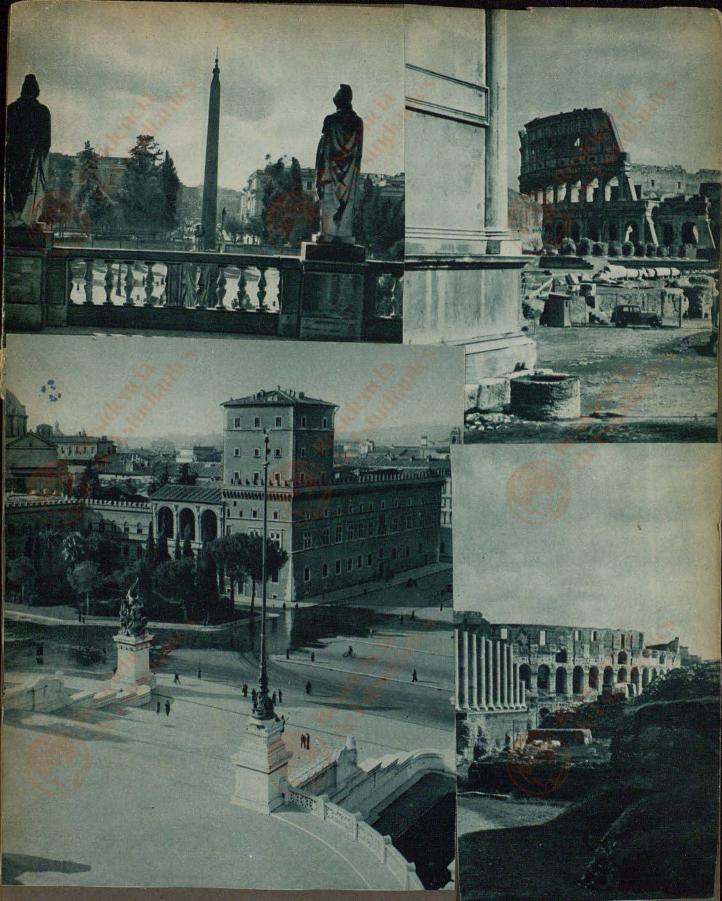
The Baroness de Heemstra and the Marchese Cavalletti (Just off the Cors' Um Berta) Gutoide dugis



The Baroneos de Hecmetra and the Marchese Cavalletti



On the Pione di San Retro.



And also of my

First flight. This was

with Manghi who was

with Manghi who was

with Manghi who was

with Manghi who was

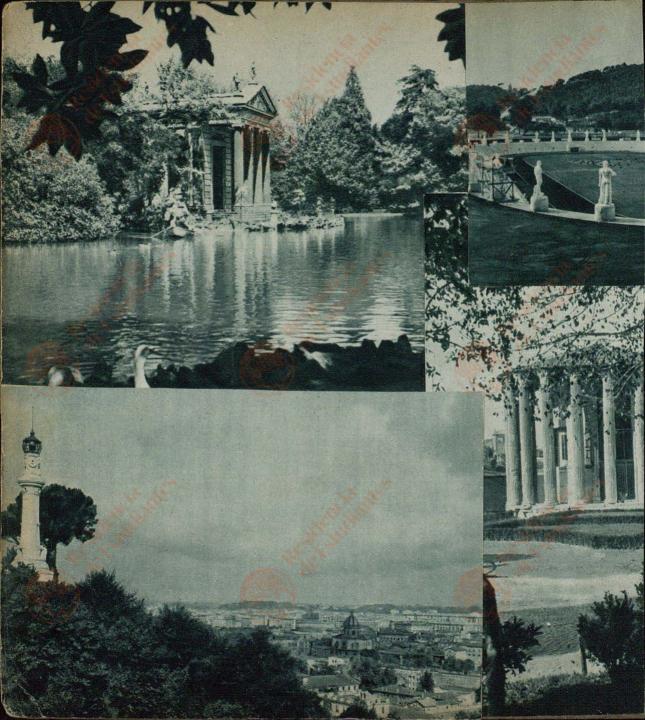
who christened me





The Marchese Covalletti and I.

Ariston Ariston





Foro Mussolini - Stadio dei Marmi Forum Mussolini - Stade des Maibres Mussolini Forum - Maible Stadium Forum Mussolini - Das Marmor-Stadion



Foro Mussolini - La Fontana della Palla Forum Mussolini - La Fontaine de la Boule Mussolini Forum - The Ball Fountain Forum Mussolini - Der Kuget-Brunnen



Foro Mussolini - Panorama Forum Mussolini - Panorama Mussolini Forum - Panorama Forum Mussolini - Panorama



Foro Mussolini - Stadio del Tennis Forum Mussolini - Court de tennis Mussolini Forum - Tennis Courts Forum Mussolini - Das Stadion der Tennisplätze



Foro Mussolini - Accademia Fascista Forum Mussolini - Academie Fasciste Mussolini Forum - Fascist Academy Forum Mussolini - Die Faschistische Akademie

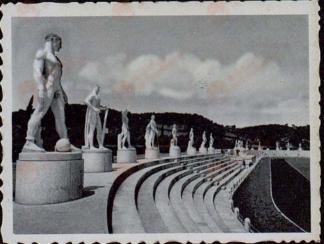


Foro Mussolini - Stadio del Marmi - Dettaglio Forum Mussolini - Stade des Marbres - Détail Mussolini Forum - Malbie Stadium - Detail Forum Mussolini - Einzelhelt aus dem Marmor-Stadion





Foro Mussolini - Stadio del Marmi - Gruppo in bronzo Forum Mussolini - Stade des Marbres Groupe en bronze Mussolini Forum - Marble Stadium - Bronze Group Forum Mussolini - Das Marmor-Stadion, Bronzegruppa



Foro Mussolini - Stadio dei Marmi - Dettaglio Forum Mussolini - Stade des Marbres - Détail Mussolini Forum - Marble Stadium - Detail Forum Mussolini - Einzelheit aus dem Marmor-Stadion



Foro Mussolini - Particolare di mosaici Forum Mussolini - Mosaique Forum Mussolini - Mosaik Mussolini Forum - Mosaic Work



Foro Mussolini - Stadio dei Marmi - Discesa allo Stadio Forum Mussolini - Stade des Marbres - Descente au Stade Mussolini Forum - Marble Stadium - Descent to the Stadium Forum Mussolini - Das Marmor-Stadion, Abstieg zum Stadion

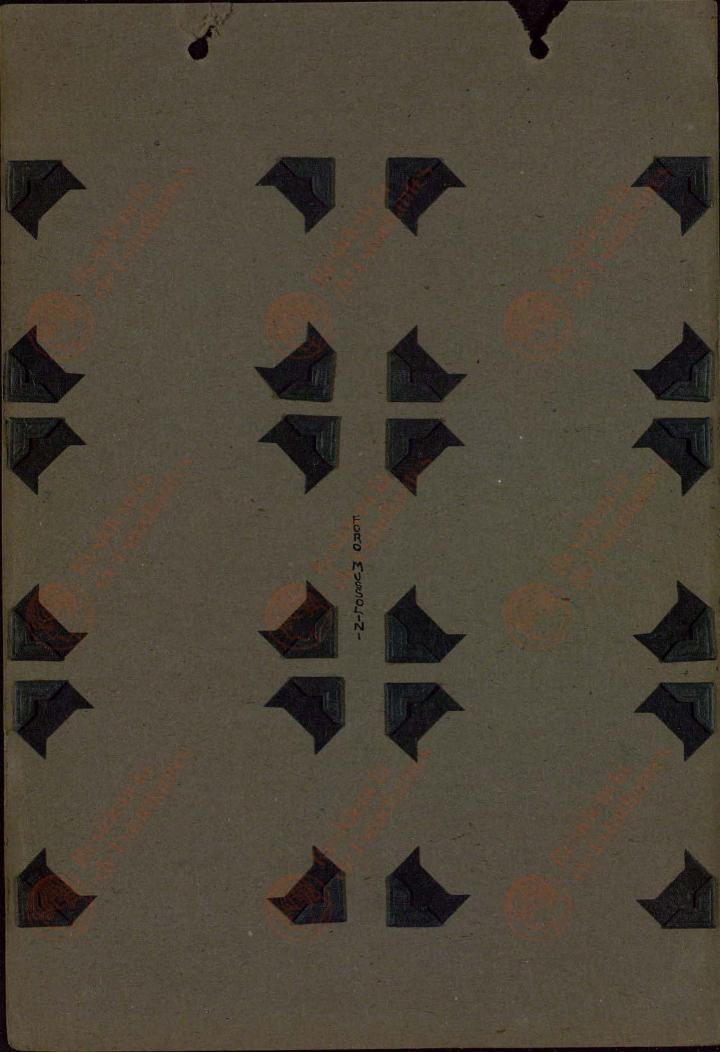


Foro Musso ini - Accademia Fascista e Palestra coperta Forum Mussolini - Académie fasciste et gymnase couvert Mussolini Forum - Fascist Academy and Covered Gymnasium Forum Musso'ini - Die Faschistische Akademie und der

gadackte Sportplatz



Foro Mussolini - Accademia Fascista - Ingresso Forum Mussolini - Académie Fasciste - Entrée Mussolini Forum - Fascist Academy - Entrance Forum Mussolini - Die Faschistische Akademie Der Eingang

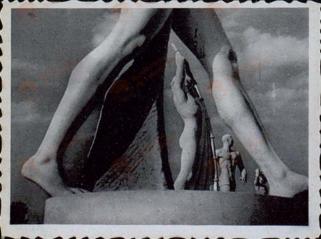




Foro Mussolini - Stadio dei Marmi - Det'ag io Forum Mussolini - Stada des Marbres - De'ali Mussolini Forum - Marble Stadium - Detail Forum Mussolini - Einzelheit aus dem Marmor-Stadion



Foro Mussolini - Stadio dei Marmi - Gruppo in bronzo Forum Mussolini - Stade des Marbres Groupe en bronze Mussolini Forum - Marble Stadium - Bronze Group Forum Mussolini - Das Marmor-Stadion, Bronzegruppe



Foro Mussolini - Stadio dei Marmi - Dettag'io Forum Mussolini - Stade des Marbres - Détail Mussolini Forum - Marble Stadium - Detail Forum Mussolini - Einzelheit aus dem Marmor-Stadion



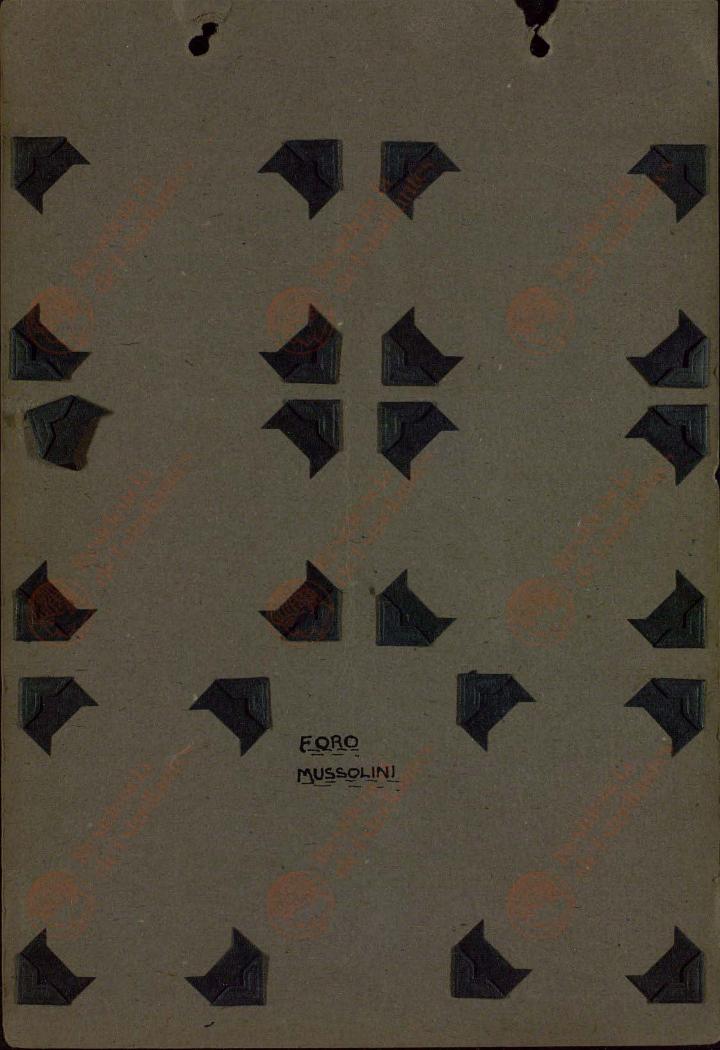
Foro Mussolini - Statua del Balilla e Accademia di Scherma Forum Mussolini - Statue de Balilla et Académie d'escrime Mussolini Forum - Statue of Balilla and Fencing School Forum Mussolini - Die Balilla-Statue, im Hintergrund die Fechtakademie



Foro Mussolini - Il Monolite Forum Mussolini - Le Monolithe Mussolini Forum - Monolith Forum Mussolini - Der Monolith



Foro Mussolini - Monumento al Balilla Forum Mussolini - Monument au Balilla Mussolini Forum - Balilla Monument Forum Mussolini - Das Balilla-Denkmal





Castel Gandolfo